

# Alexandria AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. II.]

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1802.

[No. 588]

## Sale by Auction.

### On SATURDAY.

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union Streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,  
Whisky in barrels,  
Apple Brandy in barrels,  
Gin in casks,  
Wine in pipes and quarter casks,  
Molasses in hhds.  
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,  
White and brown Soap in boxes,  
Coffee in casks and bags,  
Raisins in kegs and boxes,  
Queens' Ware, and  
A variety of DRY GOODS.  
THOS. PATTON, Auctioneer.

October 29.

## Public Sale.

### On FRIDAY,

At ten o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.  
Whiskey in barrels,  
Gin in casks and barrels,  
Port wine in casks,  
Molasses in hhds.  
Sugar in hhds and bls.  
White and brown soap in boxes,  
Chocolate in boxes,  
Coffee in tierces and bags,  
Raisins in kegs and boxes.  
Queens Ware in crates, handsomely assorted.

ALSO,  
A variety of DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE—  
Superfine cloth and Kerseys,  
Narrow Cloth, and Flannels,  
Irish Linens, and Oznaburgs,  
Sail duck of different qualities,  
Chintzes and Calicos,  
Cambrick and Cotton shawls,  
India Muslin and Table Cloths,  
Coloured threads and sowing silks,  
Ribbons, Hats, and  
A number of other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER,  
Vendue-Master.

## Public Sale.

On Friday the 5th day of November next at 4 o'clock in the afternoon will be sold on the premises,

THE TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE & LOT, Situate in the town of Alexandria on the South side of Prince Street, near Col. Hooe's corner & adjoining Mrs. Swope's dwelling house with the privilege of joining the Partition Wall of the latter, the property of Daniel Spangler, deceased, now occupied by Mrs. Studicorn.—The stand is excellent for public business, the title indisputable, and the lot clear of ground rent forever. Further particulars will be made known previous to the Sale.

P. G. MARSTELLER,  
Vendue-Master.

Oct. 25.

## Public Sale.

The Sale of the two BRICK-Houses on King street, two Warehouses opposite D. Davey's, two two story Dwelling-Houses near Major Reiley's, and several valuable Lots on Washington, between King and Prince streets, are postponed until Monday the 8th of November, when they will positively be sold.

PHILIP G. MARSTELLER.

Oct. 27.

Just Received,  
A parcel of China ORANGES,  
Limes, Cranberries, Cocoa nuts, and a parcel of excellent Smithfield Bacon, Tirkin Butter, of the first quality, and New-York Pippins by the barrel.

Oct. 12.

A. WILLIS.

## ROBERT B. JAMESON

Has on hand, and offers for sale on the most reasonable terms, at his Store corner of King and Fairfax Streets,

100 qr. casks of best ENGLISH GUNPOWDER, VIZ:

F. F. P. Single and Double Battle.

ALSO,  
20 Hhds. 1st quality Muscovado Sugar

10 do. 2d do. do. do.

40 Bags Green Coffee,

15 do Spinning Cotton,

8 Pipes Cognac Brandy,

Jamaica, Grenada, and New-England Rum,

Holland Gin, and Peach Brandy,  
India Arrack, & 6 years old Irish Whiskey,

Loaf Sugar,

Madeira,

Sherry,

Port,

Lisbon,

Catalonia,

Frontinac,

Fayal,

Teneriffe, and

Malaga

Pimento, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace,

Cinnamon, Cassia, Cayenne & Black Pepper,

fine Chewing Tobacco, Godfroids

warranted Segars, Vanilla Beans, Ground

Ginger, short Pipes in kegs and boxes,

Glauber Salts, Madder, Copperas, Dixon's Mustard, Capres, Anchovies, Olives,

Green Pickles, and Ketchup.

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

TEAS,

Hyson Skin, and

Souchong

Raisins in boxes and jars, Almonds,

Prunes, Mould Candles, White, Brown,

and Castile Soap, Starch, Fig Blue, Wrapping

Paper, Olive Oil in flasks and black

bottles, Noyau, Demijohns assorted from

3 to 6 gallons, Leiper's and Hamilton's

Souff in bladders and bottles, refined Salt

Petre, and a few bags of Pear Barley.

Oct. 25. dim

## Juit Landing,

From on board the Schr. Powder Point at Ramsay's Wharf, and for Sale by

## LEWIS DEBLOIS,

Clean Russia Hemp,

Russia Duck,

Ravens do.

Russia Sheetings,

Cordage,

Old Sable Iron,

Sherry Wine,

Co'd Fish, first quality.

Oct. 29. d

Just received and for Sale by

## BRYAN HAMPSON,

8 by 10, 7 by 9 Window Glafs,

Brown Sugar, 1st and 2d quality in hhds.

and barrels.

Loaf and Lump Sugar, 1st do. do.

Green Coffee, first quality,

Madeira,

Sherry,

Port,

Lisbon, and

Malaga

Pepper and Alspice, in bags, barrels and

kegs,

Hyson and Bohea Tea, 1st quality, in chests,

Alluv and Copperas, by the quantity,

Wrapping Paper, do.

Wanted to purchase,

A QUANTITY OF

## FLAX-S E E D ,

For which a generous price, in cash will be given.

Oct. 23. d

CUTHBERT POWELL,

In addition to his importations by the several vessels from Liverpool, has just received, per the Industry, from London,

Superfine Broadcloths, Caffimere,

Irish Linens, scarlet Cardinals, yarn and

worsted Hosiery, Manchetry, ladies fashionable

Kid Shoes, &c. &c. &c.

He has also received this day, from New-

York,

Ticklenburgs, Hessian, German, Dowls,

and Russia Diaper; all which he offers for Sale,

by the piece or package, at the lowest prices.

Nov. 4. d

## CHARLES F. GRETER,

Tailor & Habit-Maker,

MOST respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced business in Royal street, next door to Mr. Mott's Tavern, where he determines that his attention and affiduity shall merit a share of that patronage which he most earnestly solicits, and which shall be executed with fidelity, neatness and dispatch.

Nov. 1. d

For Freight or Charter,

The BRIGANTINE

EAGLE,

Burthen 176 tons, 10 months old, an excellent staunch vessel, completely equipped and sails fast.

For Sale on board said Brig.

2500 bushels Liverpool SALT,

and a few chaldrons British Coals.

Apply to J. G. LADD, or to Captain

Teny on board, at Prince street wharf.

Oct. 29. d

JAMES WILSON,

Has received, by the Industry, from London, an extensive Assortment of

## FALL GOODS,

Which will be offered for Sale immediately, by the piece or package.

Also, by the above Vessel,

Seven pipes and 18 hhds. genuine old

Port Wine, two years in bottles.

Nov. 1. d

TO BE SOLD

For Ready Money.

Pursuant to a Decree of the Federal Circuit Court of the United States, for the District of Virginia, in a suit between the executors of Hanbury's plaintiffs, and the trustees of gen. Nelson, and others, defendants,

A tract of land in the county of Prince William, on the waters of Bull Run, containing 220 acres, now in the occupation of Mrs. Gwynn; or so much thereof as will be sufficient to raise the sum of £. 259 with interest thereon from October 1797, and the costs and expences of this sale, which will take place at Gadby's tavern, in the town of Alexandria, on Saturday the sixth of November next.

The above tract of land was purchased by Peyton Gwynn, deceased under the said decree, and the purchase money not being wholly paid, is again to be sold for the satisfaction thereof, in conformity to said decree, and terms of original sale.

D. M. RANDOLPH

Late Marshal, v. d

Richmond, Sept. 18, 1802. (27) d

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

Have received and for Sale,

220 pieces Bandanna Hand-

kerchiefs,

50 do. Russia Sheetings,

20 bales Cotton,

40 barrels and 10 hhds. Muscovado Sugar,

50 boxes brown Soap,

50 do. Castile do.

50 do. Candles,

30 do. Chocolate,

2 hhds. Loaf Sugars,

7 hhds. Antigua Rum,

1 hhd. clean Flax,

1 ton Rhode-Island Cheese,

7 boxes Wool and Cotton Cards,

few pipes and half pipes of Vidona Wines,

of superior quality.

Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial and Hyson

skin Teas,

100 reams Wrapping Paper,

## ROBERT T. HOOE & CO.

Have just imported by the ship *Felicity* from Liverpool, an assortment of  
**FALL GOODS,**

Which they offer for Sale by the piece or package.—Also, 70 crates STONE WARE, and a quantity of patent LIVERPOOL SALT.

They have also received by the brig Neptune and schooner Four Brothers.

A few hundred bushels of Lisbon Salt, Lisbon and Calcavello Wines, Fruits, Sweetmeats, &c. &c. all of which they will sell low from on board, if immediate application is made.

They have on hand, a good assortment of  
**GERMAN LINEN.**

October 9. d

## WILLIAM HODGSON.

Has received by the Brutus, from Liverpool, an assortment of  
**FALL GOODS.**

He has also on hand,  
A choice parcel of Grenada Rum, Liverpool fine Salt, bottled London Brown Stout, Porter in casks, 6 doz. each, old Port Wine in bottles, a ton of Sheathing Paper and a quantity of Grindstones.

Oct. 15. d

## ADVERTISEMENT.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust from Owen Roberts to the Subscriber, will be exposed to Sale, for ready money, on the Premises, on Wednesday the 17th day of November, if fair, if not, then the next fair day,

ONE half of that LOT of GROUND in the city of Washington, lying in square No. 256, and designated in that square by the No. 10; the moiety intended to be sold fronts upon the open area on the Pennsylvania Avenue, and joins upon the lot No. 11 in that square, has a front of 24 feet 2 inches and an half, and 93 feet 5 inches deep; upon it is erected a frame Dwelling-House.

JAMES KEITH, Trustee.  
October 13. dts

## Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the Farm of the Subscriber, in Frederick County, near Berry's Ferry, on Monday, the 11th inst. a small black fellow named MICH. He is about five feet five or six inches high, has a very short face; his front teeth stand uneven and point out; he has large ankles, and a fresh scar on the inside of one of his legs just above the ankle. He had on when he went away, an old brown coat, a striped silk waistcoat, a pair of blue cloth pantaloons, edged with red, a low crowned hat, with a narrow rim. Whoever lodges the above described Slave in any jail, so that I get him again, shall receive Ten Dollars, or Twenty Dollars on delivering him to me, in Frederick county.

THOMAS MASSIE.  
Oct. 20. d

## TO BE SOLD,

On Wednesday, the 10th day of November next, on the Premises,

## Ninety Acres of Land,

Belonging to the estate of Roger West, deceased, on a credit until the 1st day of March, 1803, the purchaser giving bond, with approved security, which, when paid good and sufficient deeds shall be made.—This Land is about three miles from Town, and begins at the road going to Mount Vernon; and forms an oblong square adjoining the lands of William Hepburn and the late Lord Fairfax, a plat of which will be produced.

RICHARD CONWAY, Executor.  
October 7. d

## ALMANACS for the Year 1803.

R. & J. GRAY  
Have just received a supply of ALMANACS, for the Year 1803; and have on hand, a large assortment of Writing Paper, Bonnet Boards, School and Family Bibles, Testaments, Spelling-Books, Inkpowder, Playing Cards, &c. &c.

October 7. d

## SAMUEL BISHOP

Has received a large supply of  
Hot Pressed

AND OTHER  
**PLAYING CARDS,**

of various qualities: which he offers by the quantity or retail, at very moderate prices.

October 11. d

## RATSBON, August 27.

The following Declaration was transmitted to the Diet, at its last Sitting.

Extract from the Autic Rescript received by the Electoral Sub-Delegate of Bohemia, the 20th of August.

" His Imperial and Royal Majesty having been informed, by the Imperial Court of Russia only, of the contents of the Declaration which that Court and the French Government intend to transmit to the Extraordinary Deputation, convoked for the purpose of regulating the objects which have been marked out by the Treaty of peace of the Empire, His Majesty does not delay a moment to give to the Sub-delegate of Bohemia, those instructions, which in this unforeseen case he judges most advisable, in conformity with his constant solicitude for the good of the Empire.

" It cannot be a matter of reproach to His Imperial majesty, or the Germanic Body, that the assembling of the extraordinary Deputation of the empire has been delayed. More than nine months have passed since the nomination of that deputation was notified, on the part of his Imperial Majesty and the Empire, to the French Government, which was invited to send its plenipotentiaries, and to manifest its opinion as to the Epoch most suitable for the deputation to assemble. So far from having done this the French Government has never given any satisfactory answer upon the subject.

" The Ambassador of His Imperial and Royal Majesty could not obtain from the French government its consent to enter into a preparatory negotiation with the Imperial Court, which it had promised, both before and after the nomination of the extraordinary Deputation of the Empire. On the contrary, they always answered in an evasive and dilatory manner, to the repeated requests made verbally and in writing, on the Imperial and Royal Court

" As to the new Negotiation proposed at the end of the last year by His Majesty the emperor of Russia, to take place at Paris, His Majesty acceded in the most amicable manner to that proposition, but notwithstanding that his ambassador was not called upon to take a part in that negotiation nor was he informed in any manner of its progress or its result.

" In such a state of things, His Majesty thinks, that the greater or less delay in the assembling of the deputation of the Empire cannot be a well founded motive for restraining the right which the emperor and the Empire, as principal contracting Parties to the Peace of Lunéville, formerly reserved to themselves to discuss and regulate the business of the Indemnities, as well as other objects necessary to the fulfilment of that Treaty of Peace.

" His Majesty is on the contrary, perfectly assured, that the two Powers alluded to have a just regard to the inviolable rights of an independent State, such as the Germanic Body, will not set at naught, in their practice, that first and principal attribute of independence.

" In order to shew how far his His Majesty is founded in relying on the justice of the two Powers, he publishes to the Empire a consolatory declaration, which was presented to his Ambassador at Paris an official assurance, by M. Talleyrand, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, which assurance is couched in these words: ' You may rest assured, that we have concluded with Russia, only upon such propositions as are to be made to you. That which we submit to the deliberation of the diet, cannot be called a plan, it is merely a Project, but which appears to us the most likely to give general satisfaction. It shall be proposed, on our part, simply in the way of advice, and not with a tone of authority, nor with the least appearance of our wish to force its adoption.'

" He is confirmed, therefore, by this, that when even these powers may deem their counsels and friendly interference necessary for the arrangement of such a complicated business; they do not, therefore, in any wise, intend to dispute the powers and right of the Germanic empire, to regulate by itself the claims to indemnities, as well as so many other points which nearly concern its constitution, and on which depend its welfare or its decline.

" In this assurance his majesty charges his electoral sub-delegate of Bohemia to interfere as far as he is competent, in order that the extraordinary deputation already assembled, open without delay, its sittings in the constitutional form; that it enter into a negotiation conformable to treaties with the French plenipotentiary, and with

the intervention and co-operation of the minister of Russia; and that it declare to the two plenipotentiaries, in the name of the empire, the confidence which the Germanic body has in the equitable views of the two powers, adding thereto the assurance that the deputation will take their friendly propositions into serious consideration. The electoral sub-delegate of Bohemia is also charged to communicate those sentiments of his majesty to the plenipotentiaries of France and Russia, adding that though, according to the laws of nations, and also according to the laws of the empire, the deputation cannot be restrained even by the head of the empire, within a peremptory term, yet, that his Majesty, in his quality of King and Elector of Bohemia, will accelerate, as much as possible, the termination of the points which are to constitute the completion of the peace."

## STATE PAPER.

Definitive Treaty of Peace, between the French Republic and the Sublime Ottoman Porte.

The First Consul of the French Republic, in the name of the French people, and the Sublime Ottoman Emperor, being desirous to restore the relations of peace and amity which have of old subsisted between France and the Sublime Porte; have for that purpose appointed ministers Plenipotentiaries, viz. The First Consul, in the name of the French people, citizen C. M. Talleyrand, minister for foreign affairs to the French Republic; and the Sublime Ottoman Porte, Basde Mohamed Said Ghallib Effendi, Private Secretary and Director of Foreign Affairs; who, after exchanging their full powers, have agreed to the following articles:

1st. There shall hereafter be peace and friendship between the French Republic and the Sublime Ottoman Porte; hostilities shall for the future and forever cease between the two States.

2d. The treaties and capitulations which before the war defined the respective relations of every kind existing between the two Powers, shall be renewed in all their particulars.

In consequence of this renewal, and in fulfilment of the ancient capitulation according to which the French have a right to enjoy in the states of the Sublime Porte all the advantages granted to other nations; the Sublime Porte consents that the French merchant ships bearing the French flag shall for the future possess the undisputed right to navigate and pass freely the Black Sea. The Sublime Porte likewise consents that the said French merchant ships, on their passage in and out of this sea, shall, with respect to every thing that can favor the free navigation of it, be placed precisely on the same footing with the merchant ships of those nations which now navigate it.

The Sublime Porte and the Government of the French Republic will with common consent take vigorous measures to clear the seas which the ships of both states navigate, from all kinds of pirates.

The Sublime Porte promises to protect the French trading ships in the Black Sea against all kinds of pirates.

It is hereby understood, that the advantages secured by the present articles to the French in the Ottoman empire, shall in like manner extend to the subjects and flag of the Sublime Porte in the seas and territory of the French Republic.

3. The French Republic shall, in the Ottoman Countries which lie on, or in the vicinity of the Black Sea, both with respect to their trade and the Agents and Commissaries which that trade may render it necessary to appoint in such places, enjoy the same rights and privileges which France, before the war, enjoyed by virtue of the old capitulations, in any other parts of the states of the Sublime Porte.

4. The Sublime Porte assents to all that was stipulated with respect to it in the treaty concluded at Amiens between France and England, on the 4th of Germinal of the year ten (25th March, 1802) or the 22d of Zillidies, of the Hegira 1216. All the articles of this treaty, which have relation to the Sublime Porte, are by the present treaty formally renewed.

5. The French Republic and the Sublime Porte mutually guarantee the integrity of their possessions.

6. The restitutions and indemnifications which are due to the agent of the two powers, or to the citizens and subjects, whose effects have been confiscated or se-

questrated during the war, shall be regulated in an equitable manner, by particular agreement to be concluded between the two governments at Constantinople.

7. Until by common consent new regulations shall be agreed on, with respect to the tolls or customs on which disputes may have arisen, these shall in both countries continue to be regulated by the old capitulations.

8. Should any prisoners be found in the two countries who are detained in consequence of the war, they shall immediately be set at liberty, without ransom.

9. As the French Republic and the Sublime Porte, by the present treaty, wish to place their state reciprocally in the same situation of the most favoured powers, it is expressly understood that each state grants to the other all the advantages which have been or shall be granted to any other powers in the same manner as if they were expressly stipulated in the present treaty.

10. The ratifications of the present treaty shall be exchanged within eighty days, or sooner if possible, at Paris.

Done at Paris, the 6th Messidor, of the year ten (June 25, 1802) or the 25th of Saferniar, the year of the Hegira 1217.

(Signed)  
CH. MAU. TALEYRAND.  
ESSDIE MOHAMED SAID,  
GHALIB EFFENDI.

LONDON, September 15.  
Downing street, Sept. 14, 1802.

A Dispatch has been received from Alexander Stratton, Esq. his Majesty's Charge d'Affairs at the Ottoman Porte, transmitting an official note delivered to him by the Reis Effendi, on the 29th of July last, relative to the navigation of the Black Sea, of which the following is a copy:

## TRANSLATION.

Official Note delivered by the Reis Effendi to Alexander Stratton, Esq. at a conference in his Excellency's house on the Canal, the 29th July, 1802.

IT behoves the character of true friendship and sincere regard, to promote with cheerfulness all such affairs and objects as may be reciprocally useful, and may have a rank among the salutary fruits of those steady bonds of Alliance and perfect good harmony which happily subsist between the Sublime Porte and the court of Great Britain; and as permission has heretofore been granted for the English merchant ships to navigate in the Black Sea for purposes of trade, the same having been a voluntary trait of his Imperial Majesty's own gracious heart, as more amply appears by an official note presented to our friend the English minister residing at the Sublime Porte, dated 3 Gemazial Ahir 1214—this present "Takrit" (Official Note) is issued; the Imperial Ottoman court, hereby engaging that the same treatment shall be observed towards the English merchant ships coming to that sea, as is offered to the ships of powers most favoured by the Sublime Porte on the score of that navigation.

The 23 Rebiul Evvel 1217, (23d July 1802.)

SALEM, Oct. 20.

Arrived the brig Nancy, Captain Thomas Williams 35 days from Bilbao. Left there Captains Grice and Rockers of Marblehead, and Johoson, of New-York.—Oct. 10 lat. 42, 30 long. 62, 20 spoke a brig, 40 days from Lisbon, bound to Boston, which had picked up the crew of the ship Russel, of New-Bedford, from Liverpool. Prices at Bilbao; Fish 6 dollars and an half; Flour 10; Corn 1 dollar per bushel; Oil dull.

BOSTON, Oct. 25.

Arrived yesterday at quarantine, the brig Bula, capt. Matchet, from Barcelona, via Malaga; left the former place on the 10th, & the latter on the 19th September. Capt. M. has obligingly communicated the following maritime and other intelligence. Left at Barcelona, brig Canton, Cafe, and Lovely Lass, Bridgeman, of N. York, waiting convoy for Naples. At Malaga, ship Perseverance, Knox, Favorite, Welch, & Mary, Norton, of Boston, and a number of other vessels belonging to the southward (names not reported) to sail in 2 or 3 days for home; also the brig Charles, Crocker, of Boston, bound up. Sailed in co. with capt. M. from Malaga, ship Columbia, Boyd, for New-York; Flores, —, and Sophia, Webb, for Philadelphia. Spoke in lat. 40, long. 58° ship Canton, Manning, of Charleston, our

30 days. Several received by our the consuls at Algiers, five Tripolitanian at sea, and suppose coast. Mr. Mont information of a boarded a Danish ship about the 18th September. Rigged, 4 large guns. believe there are Cape de Gatte and

## HARTFORD.

On Thursday 1<sup>st</sup> of this month con- On balloting for Representatives, it was 153; of this Esq. had at two the third!!! Hon. was chosen speaker and Jonath clerks. It is fu democratic membre brethren have ad as having been ch this fall, only 36 at the meeting of suppose that the 4 have some pique a party, or they punctual. When is presumed some by them which w are.

SPEECH of his E BULL, to both ture, on Thursday Gentleman of the Co Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the

WHEN we remost parts of the world disturbed with perplexed with re and compare with i of our own state—e of tranquil and gen tofore experienced, and with gratitude of all mercies, whom of his favor.

If we turn our eyes amidst scenes of trou behold a nation where the tumultuous oce more than ten years ed during that period of contending passion equality, and which every species of calmeer, are now under lie of a fortunate l to the point from w with this exception, ing under their and they seem disposed to under a foreign Head world the course of period has been exhib is peculiarly interest more especially to do this resolute of the serious and impressive against plunging in vortex of revolutionary deluded into vain ar ries of untried forms

With this recent eyes, in addition to recorded in history, revolutionary pursuit state may be taught necessity of adhering bility to their ancient government and reli the surest means of general prosperity. to venerate the long regulations which have by our revered ancestors hitherto beneficially by successive genera moreover be led seriously by whomsoever propo the existing prosperity the great community pursuits of visionary f piness, however decor recommendations, which fail them in the grasp like the passing dream may they always bear of practical good government administration more useful to the world spun theories of vision delusive projects o

30 days. Several letters had been recently received by our consul at Barcelona, from the consuls at Algiers and Tunis, mentioning five Tripoline cruisers to be certainly at sea, and supposed to be on the Spanish coast. Mr. Montgomery, at Alicant, gave information of a Tripoline cruiser, which boarded a Danish flag off Cape Pelos, about the 18th September; she was a brig rigg'd, yellow sides, and carried 4 large guns. There is every reason to believe there are several cruisers between Cape de Gatte and Cape St. Martin.

HARTFORD, October 18.

On Thursday last the General Assembly of this state convened at New Haven. On balloting for a Speaker in the House of Representatives, the whole number of votes was 153; of this number Ephraim Kirby Esq. had at two successive trials 36! at the third!!! Hon. Elizur Goodrich, Esq. was chosen speaker, and Timothy Pitkin, jun. and Jonathan O. Moseley, Esqrs. clerks. It is surprizing that out of 78 democratic members which our democratic brethren have advertised to all the world as having been chosen to the Legislature this fall, only 36 should have been present at the meeting of the assembly. We must suppose that the 42 absent of that "set," have some pique against the Leader of the party, or they would have been more punctual. When the House is collected, it is presumed some question will be started by them which will shew who their 78 are.

SPEECH of his Excellency Gov. TRUMBULL, to both Houses of the Legislature, on Thursday last.

Council of the Council,

Mr. Speaker, and

Gentlemen of the house of Representatives

WHEN we reflect on the situation of most parts of the world at the present day disturbed with political agitations, and perplexed with revolutionary pursuits; and compare with them the circumstances of our own state—enjoying a like measure of tranquil and general happiness as heretofore experienced, our hearts should expand with gratitude to the Divine Author of all mercies, who gives us this continuance of his favor.

If we turn our eyes to Europe, there amidst scenes of trouble and distress, we behold a nation which has been tossed on the tumultuous ocean of revolution for more than ten years past—violently agitated during that period, with the conflicts of contending passions, in pursuit of imaginary and delusive ideas of liberty and equality, and which after suffering almost every species of calumny in their wild career, are now under the influence and policy of a fortunate leader, just returning to the point from whence they started: with this exception, that instead of rallying under their ancient Royal Family, they seem disposed to form a new Dynasty, under a foreign Head. To the civilized world the course of events which in this period has been exhibited by that nation, is peculiarly interesting and instructive; more especially to surrounding nations; does this result of their pursuits, present a serious and impressive lesson of instruction against plunging inconsiderately into the vortex of revolutionary practices, or being seduced into vain and philosophical reveries of untried forms of government.

With this recent example before our eyes, in addition to the numerous instances recorded in history, of similar issues to revolutionary pursuits, the people of this state may be taught the expediency and necessity of adhering with firmness and stability to their ancient habits of political government and religious institutions, as the surest means of social happiness and general prosperity. They may also learn to venerate the long tried forms of civil regulations which have been wisely devised by our revered ancestors, and which have hitherto beneficially continued in practice by successive generations. They will moreover be led seriously to reflect how dangerous the attempt is whenever, and by whomsoever proposed, to put to hazard the existing prosperity and happiness of the great community, for the uncertain pursuits of visionary scenes of greater happiness, however decorated by specious recommendations, which will most probably fail them in the grasp, or fit before them like the passing dream of the night; and may they always bear in mind that lessons of practical good sense, as applied to government administration, are immensely more useful to the world, than all the fine spun theories of visionary philosophers, or the delusive projects of closet politicians.

Our statute provision of work-houses for the punishment of idle, dissolute and disorderly persons, is calculated to answer very valuable purposes, for the correction of certain crimes and misdemeanors, which are difficult to be reached or reformed by other means. But it is much to be feared, that the object intended, is almost, if not wholly defeated, by a permission in the law, for substituting temporarily our common goals for the purpose designed. In this was their effect is exceedingly impaired, if not lost. It appears to me, that this subject merits the attention of the Legislature. For if our goals are still to remain substitutes for work-houses, some peculiar regulations for their management and government, as respects that object, to be provided by law, will be necessary for the attainment of the salutary purposes of such an institution. The most eligible mode would be to have distinct houses, but if these are not to be obtained, it will doubtless be judged necessary to have designated, and under peculiar rules of government and police, some separate and appropriate rooms for the proposed labor and correction.

The time of service for which one of the senators from this state, in the Senate of the United States is appointed being nearly expired, it will probably be the expedient, in order to save unnecessary expense and trouble, that a new appointment by the Legislature, during their present session, should be made to supply the vacancy, which will happen in March next.

J. TRUMBULL.  
October Session, 1802.

### Alexandria Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 3.

\* \* \* The Rev. Isaac S. Keith, of Charleston, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian congregation in this place, will preach in the Presbyterian Church, this evening, at early candle light.

Wednesday, Nov. 3.

By accounts received from Pensacola, it appears that little doubt is entertained by the Spanish Government of the surrender, finally, not only of Louisiana to the French, but of the Floridas also. Bowles if our accounts are accurate, is making great progress down hill—being deserted by the Indians generally—and by several of his principal adherents.

Babana Gazette, Sept. 28.

### BONAPARTE AND THE DEY OF ALGIERS.

Every packet from Europe brings some fresh proof of the vigorous democratic exertions of the First Consul; some new instance of his mildness and moderation—and some visible mark of the ultimate effects of revolutionary frenzy: something to make the wildest enthusiasts in the cause of unmixed democracy, at least pause upon their notions; and something which discloses, still more than ever what the benefits are which America is likely to derive from her present Ruler's fond partiality to France.

In the mandate of Bonaparte to the Dey of Algiers, it is observable that he writes entirely in the first person, in the most unbounded spirit of egotism, and, indeed, in the language of OFFENDED MAJESTY—The crimen læse majestatis is directly urged against the Dey—Vengeance is denounced against that Barbarian for the offended dignity of Bonaparte: A repetition of the personal pronoun, I, which would disgust in the most sorry egotism, pervades the whole; and this champion of Liberty and Equality—this disciple of Paine and the Rights of Man, bursts out in the fanatical, blasphemous and despotic spirit of CROMWELL—“God has decreed the punishment of all those who are unjust toward ME!!!”—Towards Me—Bonaparte—Not towards France.

For our part we are neither disappointed nor surprised: so far as concerns the credit due to our opinions, we have little reason to be dissatisfied with those appearances in the present government of France. We have always thought a Jacobin Revolution must end in Despotism, and every day affords some new circumstance to justify that opinion. To all of our way of thinking, the conduct of the first Consul has been peculiarly favorable; but we cannot help thinking that Mr. Jefferson

and his friends have great reason to complain of his ingratitude. After all the kindness of those gentlemen to France, they find themselves deserted, and the ships, the commerce, and the citizens of the United States, left at the mercy of the Dey of Algiers, when one word from the all-terrible Bonaparte would have procured for them perfect security. On the contrary, it is observable that by his acquiescence in the 11th article of the Dey's reply, he has wholly renounced all interference on behalf of America.

Of evils which cannot be repaired it must be useless to complain, and retrospective regrets would be as superfluous as painful, if they had not the effect of amending and regulating our conduct for the future. It is to be hoped that the deportment of France, in many instances of late, will deter our rulers from any undue bias hereafter, to any particular European nation; and that the successful result of the First Consul's mandate to the Dey of Algiers will quicken our activity, enliven our national pride, and animate us to all those spirited exertions, to that naval and military preparation, without which no nation ever was, still less can now be, either secure, or respected, or respectable.

(N. Y. Even. Post)

Extract of a letter to the Editor of the (Frankfort, Ken.) Guardian of Freedom, dated St. Vincennes, September 17, 1802.

I have now to communicate the pleasing result of our council with the Indians. Every object for which it was held, so far as it relates to us, is completely obtained. They listened with attention and apparent pleasure, to the plans proposed for their advancement in civilization. They all promised their firm support in carrying the measures of the president into effect. To governor Harrison's perseverance and uninterrupted attention, its successful issue is justly to be ascribed.

The Indians have relinquished to the United States a beautiful, fertile country, twenty-four leagues square—it extends north and south, from Point Coupee to the mouth of White river, and from a line drawn parallel to the general course of the Wabash, twelve miles to the west of this town, across towards the Ohio—it is expected it will extend to, or near the Illinois grant. They have also granted the privilege of working the great salt spring, on the Saline river, near the Ohio, with four miles square of land, including the spring, which will afford a plentiful supply of fuel for the salt works that will there be erected—it is unquestionably the best salt spring, that is possessed by the western country. Arrangements will shortly be made by government for the disposal of this tract of country; and we may justly felicitate ourselves with the pleasing hope, that at no distant period, our wildernesses that are now traversed only by savages and wild beasts, will give way to wealthy populous settlements.

From the Georgetown, S. C. Gazette, of Oct. 16.

On Sunday last information was brought to this town, that a number of negroes had been landed at Long Bay, from a French frigate, which has been lately seen off the coast, and that the people of Waccamaw were, consequently, in a state of alarm. This information, coming from a source which admitted of very little doubt, caused the officers commanding in town to collect their men immediately, many of whom marched that evening, others who were collected from the country, followed them on Monday evening. Those who set off on Sunday evening, had almost reached the place where the landing was said to have been effected, when they were informed that the alarm was false. It appears to have originated from a French negroe's having been taken up in the night, near Long Bay, who is supposed to be a runaway. We are sorry to state, that the country for some distance above this place was alarmed, and the men actually on their march.

It is much to the honor of our citizens that they turned out to a man, although some of them had just risen from a bed of sickness; but it is to be feared, that such false alarms will have a tendency to prevent the like attention to duty when danger is actually at hand. We understand that the business will undergo an investigation.

### PORT OF ALEXANDRIA.

ARRIVED,  
Schr. Little James, —, Philadelphia  
Sloop Mary, Lawrence, Botton.  
CLEARED  
Schr. William, Woodbury. Portland  
Milford, M'Namara, Barbadoes.

### Notice to Printers.

ALL Printers that have sent papers to the Subscriber, at the Alexandria Coffee-House, will please to discontinue them from this date, and forward their Accounts for all arrearages.

JESSE SIMMS.

Nov. 1.

### Public Sale.

On Friday next will be sold, at the Vendue Store, for the benefit of the concurred,

1 Trunk of Muffs & Tippets,

2 bales of Negro Cotton,

Ready made Clothes, &c.

Also, a quantity of

Mahogany Furniture,

CONSISTING OF

Dicks, Bureaus, Secretaries, Side-

Boards, &c.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Nov. 3.

### Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber living in the County of Fairfax, State of Virginia on Saturday the 30th of October last, two Negro Men,

### George and Henry.

George is thirty years of age, about five feet seven inches high, yellowish complexion, prominent forehead, his eyes remarkably sunk in his head, slow spoken, and a coarse Shoemaker. Had on and took with him, a brown broadcloth coat, much worn, a coarse green coating do, a pair of trowsers of the same, much worn, several oznaburgh shirts, a felt hat, &c. Henry, about five feet four inches high, twenty-two years of age, very dark complexion, thick and well set, inclinable to be fat, a large scar on his forehead occasioned by the horn of an ox, when young, and I believe one on the side of his nose, smiling countenance. Had on and took with him a blue broadcloth coat & trowsers, and a variety of other cloathing, which I cannot enumerate. It is believed they have procured passes and will attempt to pass as free men, and are loitering about Alexandria. A reward of Ten Dollars each will be paid if taken within ten miles, if a greater distance the above reward, or fifteen dollars each will be paid on the delivery, or for securing them in any way so that I get them again, and all reasonable charges.

All masters of vessels are forewarned from harboring or taking them off at their peril.

WILLIAM LEWIS.

Nov. 3.

Juit received,

A few boxes fresh LEMONS, LIMES

and sweet ORANGES.

A L S O,

Filberts, English Walnuts and Almonds, of an excellent quality.

JOSEPH DYSON.

Nov. 3.

THOMAS SIMMS,  
Has received by the brigs Neptune and

Adrie,

Fresh Oranges, by the box,

Do. Lemons, do.

Soft shelled Almonds, by the frail,

Filberts by the frail,

Sweet Oil by the bottle.

He has also for Sale,

Best Derry Mustard, by the bottle,

Dip and mould Candles, by the box,

Loaf and brown Sugar,

Olives, Anchovies and Capers, by the bottle,

English Walnuts,

Best Spanish Segars,

Raisins by the jar,

Coffe, by the bag,

Likewise, a quantity of best

NEW-ENGLAND CHEESE, a general Assortment of GROCERIES, and a few hundred

Bushels of excellent POTATOES.

Nov. 3.

T O R E N T,

And possession given at a short Notice,

Two DWELLING-HOUSES

in a central part of Alexandria.

A L S O,

A Ware-House and Lot,

On Union near Prince street.

PHILIP WANTON.

R. T. HOOE & CO.  
Have received, by the Brig Industry, from  
London,  
THE BALANCE OF THEIR  
FALL GOODS.  
Nov. 1.

To be LET,  
For one or more Years,  
THE house now in the tenure of Mr.  
Thomas Clagger, situated on Queen Street  
near Washington street, and opposite Mr.  
John Wife's new house, the situation is  
high and healthy.—For terms apply to  
THOMAS IRWIN.

Wanted to purchase,  
1,500 or 2,000 Chestnut Rails, for  
which Cash and a generous Price will be  
given. Apply as above.  
Oct. 26. eo

BENNETT & WATTS,  
Have imported in the Felicity from Liver-  
pool, a general Assortment of  
Woolen Goods & Hardware,  
6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. Nails.

They have on hand;  
White and brown Russia Sheetings,  
Drapers,  
White and brown Ticklenburgs and  
Oznaburgs,  
Twilled Sackings,  
German felled Hoses and Gloves,  
Turkey red Cotton,  
Mamody's, Sannas, Gurrabs, and a  
variety of INDIA GOODS, all which  
they offer for sale on the usual terms.  
October 11. eo 3w

BENNET & WATTS,  
Have imported in the Industry, Capt.  
McKenzie, from London,

Superfine Cloths and Kersey-  
meres,  
West of England Swansdowns,  
Yarn, worsted and Silk Hosiery,  
Lutefstrings, Pelongs and Persians,  
Fancy Florentines and Sattins,  
Collar Velvet,  
Muffs and Tippets,  
Threads, Tapes and Bobbins,  
China, Sattin and Safranette Ribbons,  
Muslins, Laces and Edgings, Veils,  
&c.  
Ingram Yorkshire Carpets,  
Furniture Fringes, Cords & Tassels,  
Dimities,  
And Irons, Tongs and Shovels,  
Shad, Herring and Sail Twine,  
Nov. 1. eo 3w

M'CARA and FRIDGE  
Have just opened a WHOLESALE STORE,  
in King Street, opposite SNOWDEN'S  
PRINTING OFFICE, where they have a  
large and general Assortment of MER-  
CHANDISE, which they will sell low  
for Cash or approved Notes, at 60 days;

—CONSISTING OF—  
Coarse and fine cloths, coat-  
ings, blankets, flannels, corduroys, thicklets,  
fustians, calimancoes, checks, British muslins of  
every description, silk handkerchiefs, ribbons,  
pelong fassins, romals, policates, thread lace  
and edgings, cottons and chintzes, shawls,  
fancy pocket handkerchiefs, dimities, Irish linens,  
brown Hollands, toilons, cotton hosiery, fewing  
flisks, table cloths; threads, white and coloured,  
by the pound or package; hats in cases assorbed;  
knives and forks, scissars, &c. &c. &c.

They will receive a further supply of GOODS  
by the ear'y Fall vessels.

To LET, the House in King  
street lately occupied by Mr. McCulloch.  
Apply as above.  
Sept. 17. eo 3m.

CARVING, GILDING, and  
VARNISHING.

Mrs. RACHEL ATKINS,  
OFFERS her grateful acknowledgement  
to the citizens of Alexandria  
and the public generally, for the many fa-  
vors conferred on her in the line of her  
profession, since her short residence among  
them, and informs them that the proposes  
returning to Philadelphia in about two  
weeks; until her removal she will be hap-  
py in executing any orders they may think  
proper to honor her with.  
She has on hand and will sell at reduced  
prices,

A large and elegant assortment of  
Prints, Looking-Glasses, &  
GIRANDOLES.

Oct. 29. eo

NOTICE.  
The LAND advertised for  
sale by me on the 1st of October last past,  
is unavoidably postponed until the second  
Monday in November next, when it will  
positively be sold to the highest bidder.  
GEORGE CHAPMAN.

## SAMUEL BISHOP,

BOOKSELLER, & STATIONER

Respectfully informs the Public that he has  
received from Lee & Co's Patent and  
Family Medicine Store, Baltimore, a  
fresh assortmet of the following

## Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use  
throughout the United States, many of  
them being sold cheaper than the drugs  
of which they are compounded, could be  
purchased at a retail Store.

TAKE NOTICE,  
That S. Bishop is appointed the ONLY A-  
gent for Alexandria.

Dr. HAMILTON's ELIXIR,  
A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obstinate Coughs,  
Asthmas, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and Ap-  
proaching Consumptions.

To parents who may have children afflicted  
with the HOOPING COUGH.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it  
is an immediate relief, checks the progres, and  
in a short time entirely removes the most cruel  
disorder to which children are liable—the Elixir  
is so perfectly agreeable and the dose so small,  
that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.  
Gentlemen,

I comply with your request in stating my  
opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used  
in my family for two or three years past, with  
uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or simi-  
lar complaints have rendered medicine, ne-  
cessary. I have myself found it an excellent and  
agreeable remedy for a very painful and trou-  
blesome affection of the breast, accompanied  
with torments and with obstructed and difficult  
breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recom-  
mend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine,  
and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henly, Bridge-Street, Baltimore,  
was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's Elixir of a  
very complicated disorder, occasioned by a se-  
vere cold caught several months ago. He  
breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was  
often thrown into weakening fevers when he  
attempted to walk any distance, and his voice  
would frequently fail in such a degree that he  
could only attempt to whisper; he has been  
upwards of six weeks without a return of his  
complaints, and defires to give this public testi-  
mony in favour of this invaluable medicine.

Dr. Hamilton's  
GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for  
the speedy relief and permanent cure of the vari-  
ous complaints which result from dissipated plea-  
sures—juvenile indiscretions—ridicule in cli-  
mates unfavourable to the constitution—the im-  
moderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any  
other destructive intemperance—the unskillful or  
excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to  
females, at a certain period of life—bad lyings  
in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience  
to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of  
Nervous disorders, Confusions, Lowness of spirits,  
Loss of appetite, Impurity of the blood, Hyper-  
trophic affections, toward weakness, Seminal weak-  
ness, Fluorals, (or whites) Barrenness, Violent cramps in the  
stomach and back, Indigestion, Elancholy,  
Gout in the stomach, Pains in the limbs,  
Relaxations, Involuntary emissions, Obstinate gouts,  
Obstinate gouts, Impotency, &c. &c.

In cases of extremity, where the long preva-  
lence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a  
general impoverishment of the system, excessive  
debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the  
flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could re-  
hair a perseverance in the use of this medicine  
has performed the most astonishing cures.

HAMILTON's ESSENCE and EX-  
TRACT of MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheuma-  
tism, palsey, sprains, bruises, pains in the face  
and neck, &c. And has performed more cures  
in the above complaints than all the other medi-  
cines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn,  
Wythe county, Virginia.

Gentlemen,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you  
call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard,  
which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic  
rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of  
the hip joint) under which I had laboured for a  
long time, and which had baffled every article  
in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treat-  
ment received into practice for the cure of this  
obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful  
you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

P. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope-maker, South Second-  
Street, between Mary and Christian-Streets,  
Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as fol-  
lows, namely, that his wife, Mary Hoover, was  
so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism,  
very dangerously situated, the consequence of a  
severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her  
bed for several weeks, and was at length re-  
duced to the melancholy apprehension of re-  
maining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the  
most respectable medical advice was followed,  
and every probable remedy attempted: when  
seeing several cases of cures performed by Ha-  
milton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they  
were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South  
Second-Street. The first application enabled  
her to walk across the room, and the use of one  
bottle restored her to her usual state of health  
and strength.

JOHN HOOVER

Sworn and subscribed before Ebenezer Ferguson, Esq. one of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia County

HAMILTON's

WOR DESTROYING LOZENGES.  
Which have within four years past cured upwards  
of one hundred and twenty thousand persons  
of both sexes, of every age, and in every  
situation, of various dangerous complaints arising  
from worms, and from obstructions or foul-  
ness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of  
similar title, so commonly complained of as operating  
with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited  
to every age and constitution; contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so  
mild in its operation that it cannot injure the  
most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant  
of a week old, should no worms exist in the  
body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is  
foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production  
of worms and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all  
gross humours and eruptions; feverish and bilious  
complaints, and are the safest and mildest  
purgative that can be used on any occasion.  
*Description of Worms, and the symptoms  
by which they are known.*

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly  
of four kinds, viz. the Teres or large round  
worm, the Apcardies, or small maw worm, the  
Cucurbitina, or short, flat, white worm, and  
lastly, the Taenia, or tape worm, so called from its  
resemblance to tape; this is often many yards  
long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful, and  
most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are  
disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—  
Bad and corrupted gums—Itching in the nose  
and about the seat—Convulsions and epileptic fits,  
and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and  
grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irrregular appetite,  
sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fetid stools  
—Vomiting—Large and hard stool—Pains in the head and  
thighs, with lowneys of spirits—Slow fever, with  
small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy counte-  
nance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms,  
should have immediate recourse to HAMILTON'S WORM-DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have been constantly attended  
with success in all complaints similar to those  
above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally  
during the warm season, will effectually prevent  
the vomiting and purging of children, a  
dreadful disorder which annually destroys thou-  
sands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewise  
the mildest and most certain remedy known  
and has restored to health and strength a great  
number when in an advanced stage of this fatal  
complaint. Particular and plain instructions are  
given for every part of the necessary treatment  
in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with  
eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an  
agreeable taste.

CASES OF CURES.  
(Selected from thousands) the authenti-  
city of which any person may ascertain,  
either by letter or personal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn-keeper, on the  
Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore,  
began about 20 months ago to be grievously af-  
flicted with a tape worm, which increased fast  
in size and strength, so as to excite the most  
horrid sensations by its writhing motions and  
intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and  
tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of  
his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful ap-  
prehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in  
a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly,  
and with that his strength, so that he was unable  
to attend to any business—when he heard of some  
excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the  
worm (now in the possession of Lee & Co.)—but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him  
that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first  
vigour—Application was made to Lee & Co.  
for more of their medicine, with their advice—  
from which resulted the total expulsion of his  
formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he  
supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more.  
A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller  
is now in perfect health. The above facts  
are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbours,  
and himself will gratify any who may  
wish to make further inquiries on the subject.  
Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce  
such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they  
are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation  
on the human body, even taken in large  
doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particu-  
lar mildness is abundantly evident in innumer-  
able cures of infants.

—

RECOMMENDED

Dr. HAHN's ANTI-BILLIOUS PILLS.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so  
as to be used with safety by persons in every situa-  
tion, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off super-  
fluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions—to  
restore and amend the appetite—to procure a free  
perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which  
are often attended with fatal consequences—a  
dose never fails to remove a cold, it taken on its  
first appearance. They are celebrated for re-  
moving habitual colic—sickness at the sto-  
mach, and severe head ache—and ought to be  
taken by all persons on a change of climate.

—

Sold likewise by S. Plea-

fanis, Richmond; R. and Dou-

glas, Petersburg; T. Green, Fre-

dericksburgh; G. Purdie, Smith-

field; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr.

Miller, Winchester; R. Green,

how, Williamsburgh; and J. Shaw

Leesburgh.

—

For COWES and a Market,

The AMERICAN SHIP

FELICITY,

Captain REED.

She is expected to fail in all  
next month, the greater part of her cargo  
being engaged. From 50 to 100 hds.  
Tobacco will be received on Freight, if  
immediate application is made, and a libe-  
ral advance made to those who consign to  
THOMAS MIDDLETON & CO. of London.

ROBERT T. HOOE & CO.

Oct. 29.

—

PRINTED DAILY BY

S. SNOWDEN.

—

Just

published

on Friday the 5th

at 4 o'clock in

on the premises

PHILIP

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